Land Use Planning Update



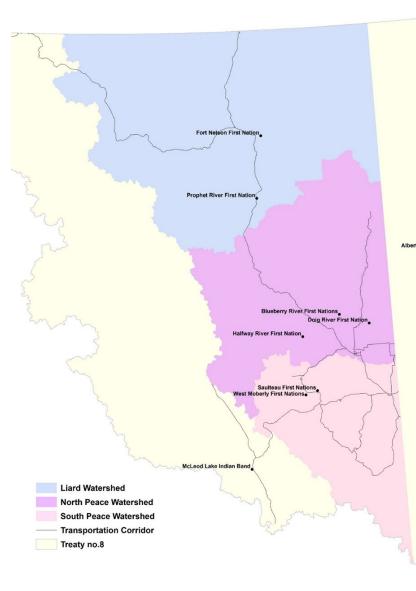


Land use planning

Land use plans from 1990s didn't adequately recognize or protect Treaty 8 rights. Treaty 8 First Nations treated as a stakeholder at the table, not independent governments with constitutionally protected rights.

PATH FORWARD:

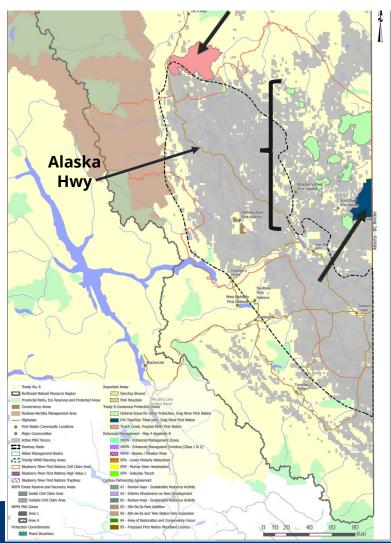
- Develop new land use plans in the Liard, North Peace and South Peace areas.
- Work with BRFN in watersheds of greatest interest = Watershed Management Basin plans or "WMB plans."
- WMB plans are intended to implement four agreed principles of ecosystembased management applicable for all natural resource sector activities:
 - Ensure old growth forest levels reflect what would be a natural condition for the ecosystems,
 - Establish reserved areas that protect, connect and recover important values,
 - Effectively protect and recover water, riparian and wildlife features, and
 - Promote sustainable economies and resilient communities.
- Four WMB plans from BRFN IA projected for completion within three years.

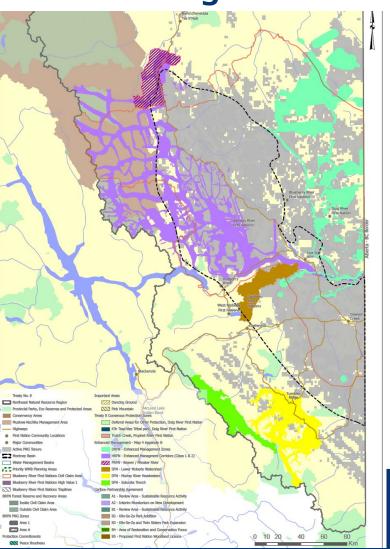




Land use measures: Consensus Document

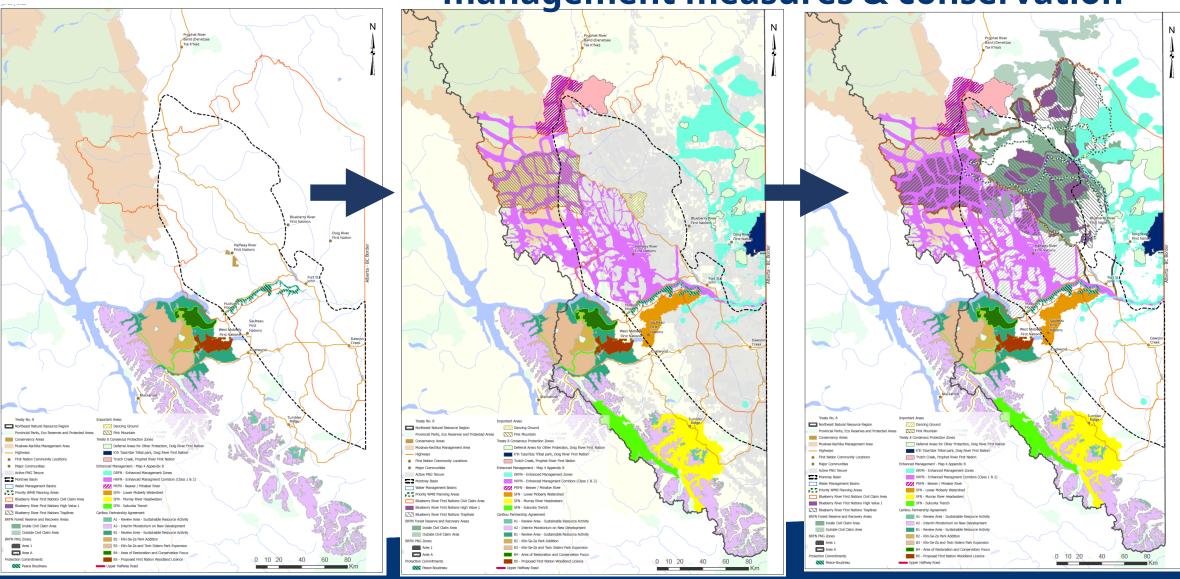
New protection proposals + Enhanced management areas





Today

Future State – better rights protection via management measures & conservation



Early land use planning & operations

Land use plans and "WMB plans" are complex and will take years bringing multiple sectors, Nations and the public together, covering larger areas. To provide greater continuity for activities now, and a practical approach to shared decision making, a different approach is being advanced.

PATH FORWARD:

- 'Restoration and development plans' with Nations and industry:
 - Planning pilots with one or more sectors, with Halfway River and Saulteau First Nations (to start).
 - HV1 Plans with BRFN, focused on PNG activities (new intensive, up front planning approach).
- With BRFN, short term timber harvesting and oil and gas activities confirmed, to support economic activities while planning & restoration actions progress.

